

APOLO

4

YEARS





“ECHOES OF APOLLO”

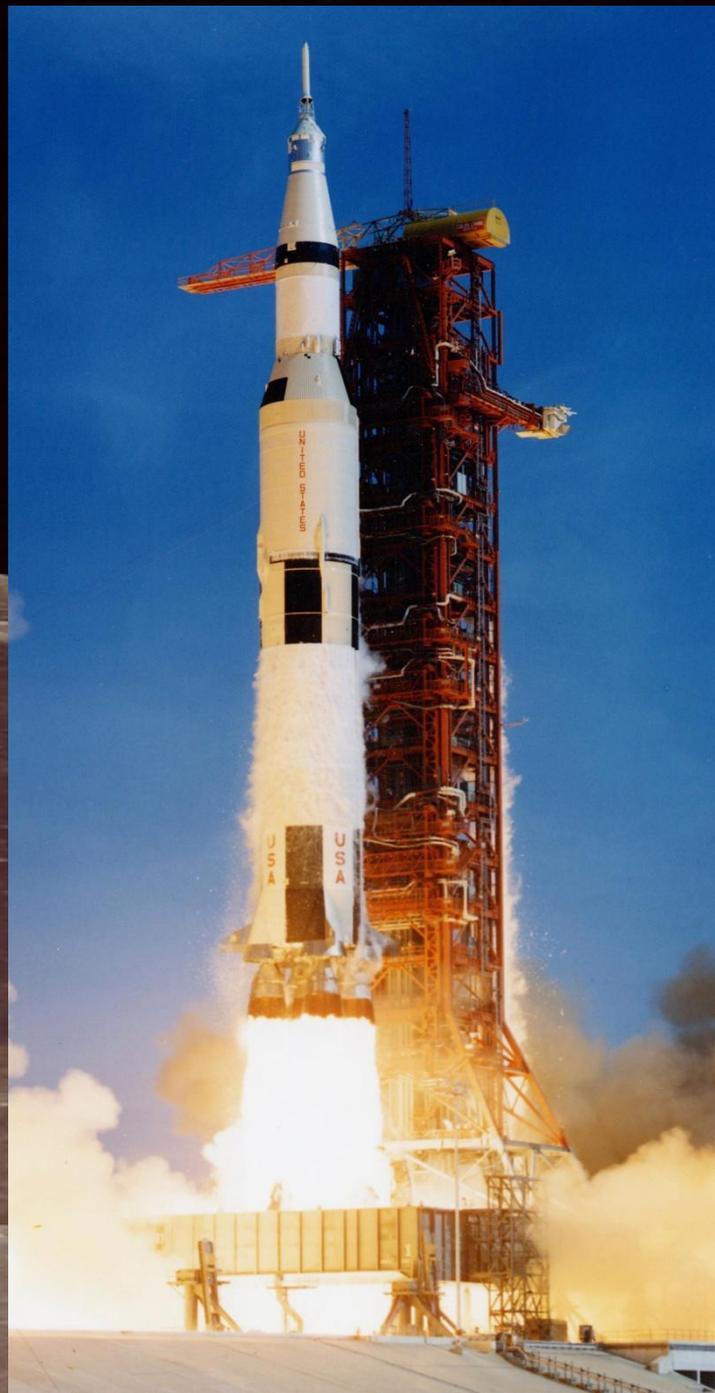
**A 40th Year Anniversary of the Apollo 11
Moon Landing**

**Presented to Clovis Amateur Radio
Club**

**Dave Smith W6TE
August 7, 2009**



9 Years later...



3 Days later...





Present Time --- Echoes of Apollo

Celebrating Apollo Missions on the 40th Anniversary of Man's Moon Landing, July 20th 1969. You are invited to the world's biggest space party....ever!





**Main Entrance
Building A**

333 Ravenswood Avenue

REMARKS
[Illegible text]

NO ACCESS BY
[Illegible text]

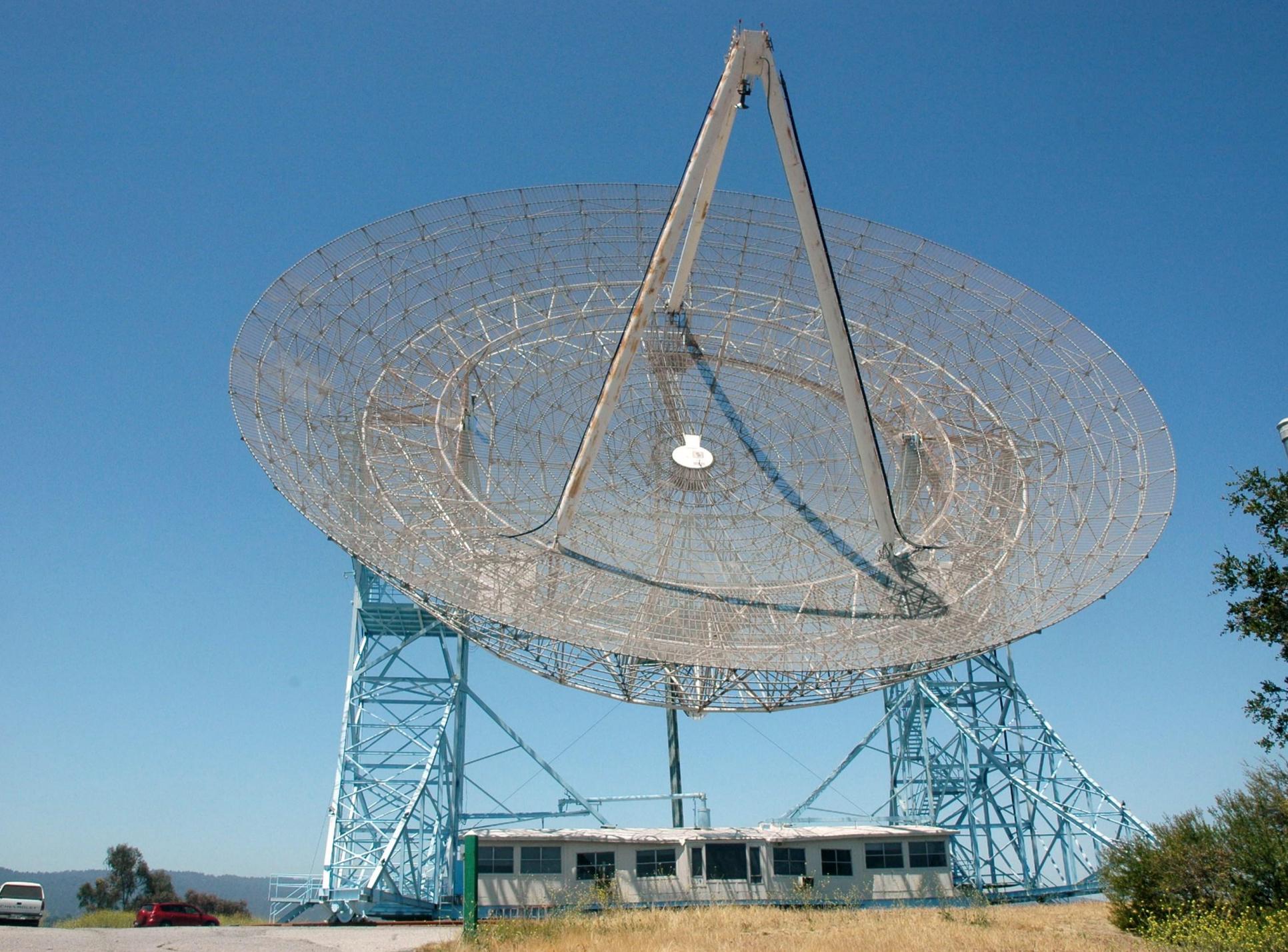
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THE PITCH

Initial meeting with SRI's management

Dr. Michael Cousins,
Director of the
Stanford Dish
discussing some of
the finer points of the
dish with Dave Smith,
W6TE. (March 2009)





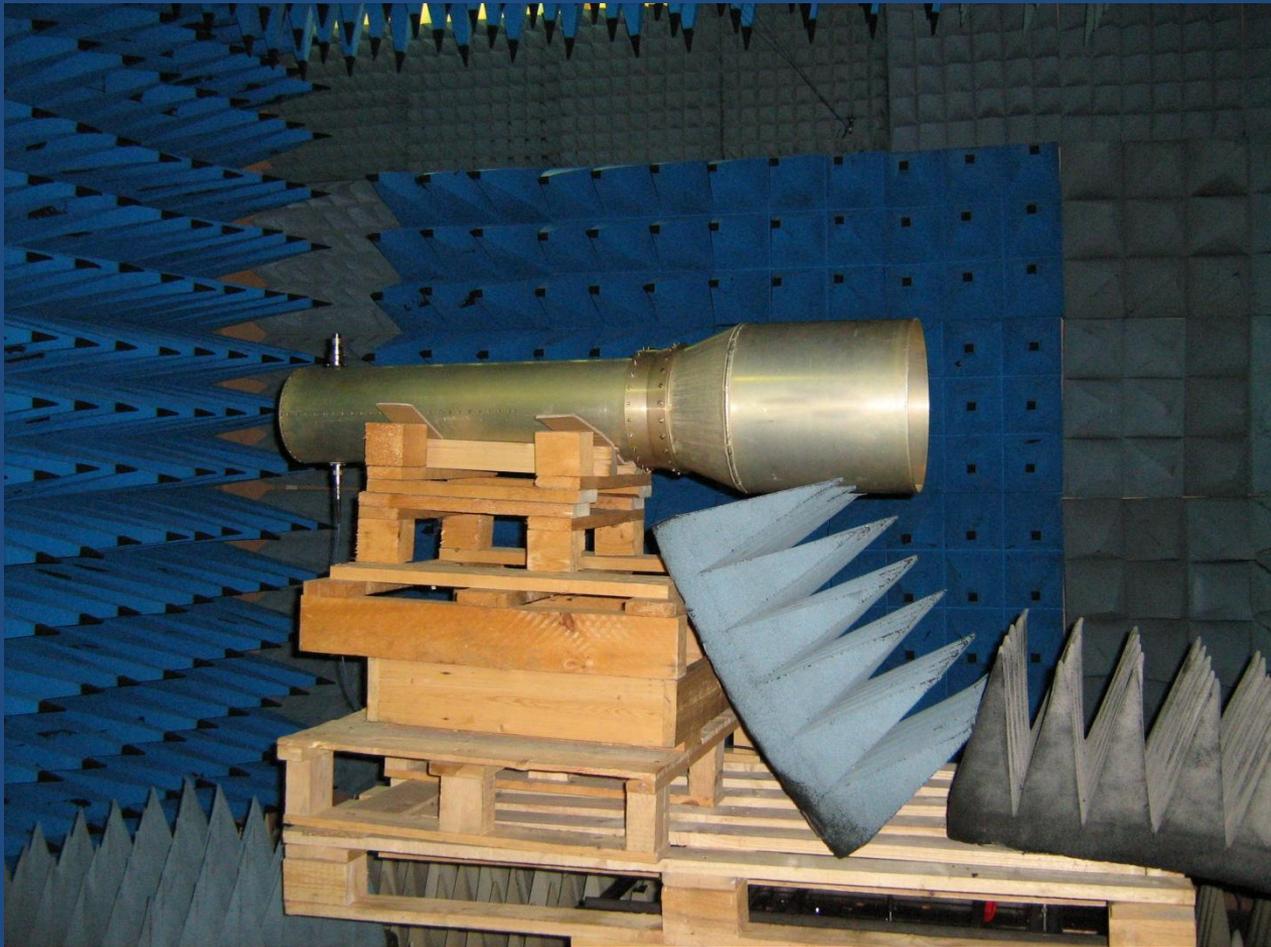


Big Dish's computer console

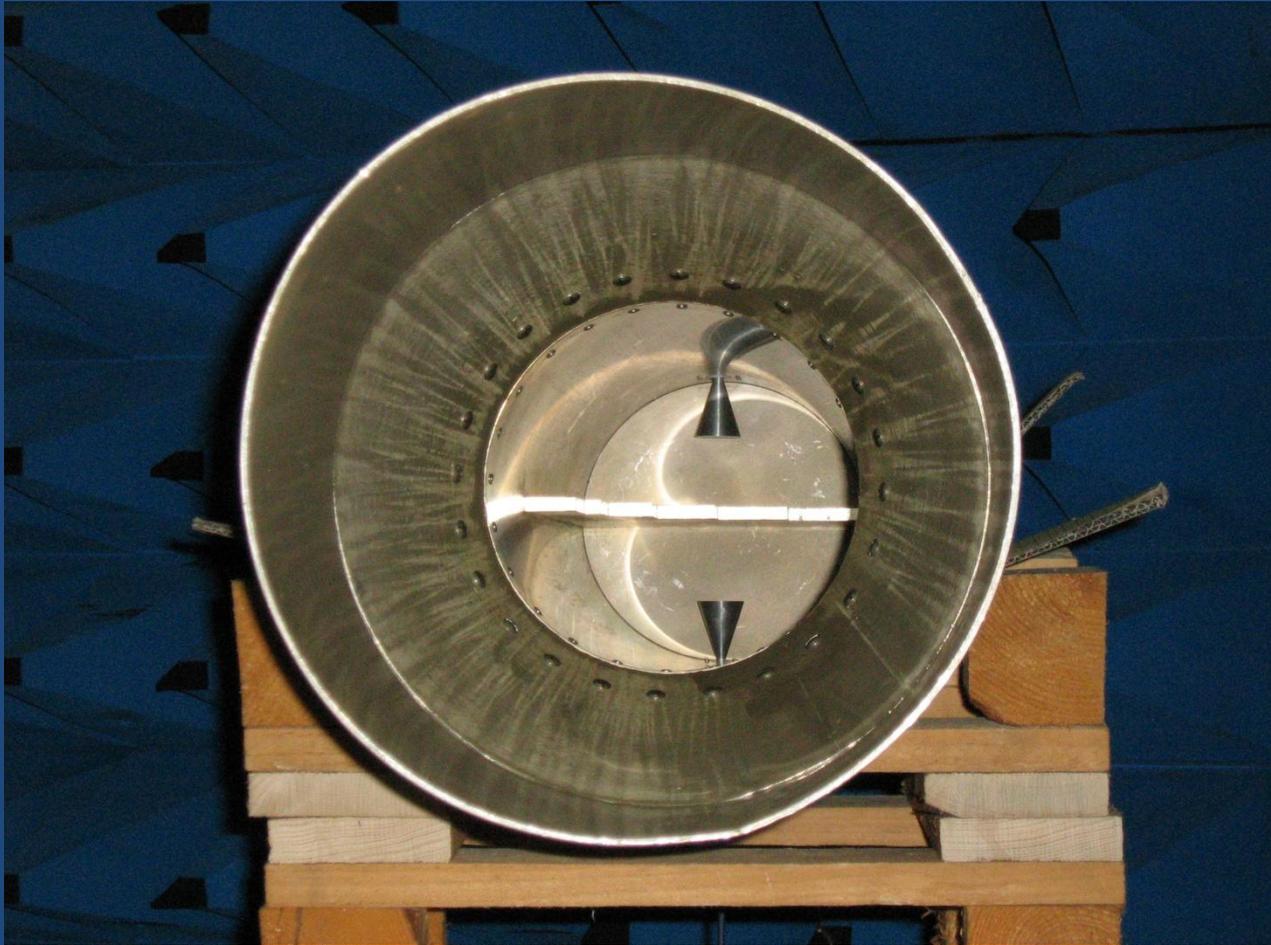
Major Obstacles To Overcome

- Obtain a feed horn which can produce circular polarization for 1296 MHz. (23 cm)
- Preamplifier must be mounted at the feed.
 - Protection of the preamp through sequencing.
- Developing as much Tx power as possible at the feed

OM2AA, Rasto's, Septum Feed Chek Replubic



Inside feed showing feed probes.



SHAKEDOWN TEST – May 26th, 2009



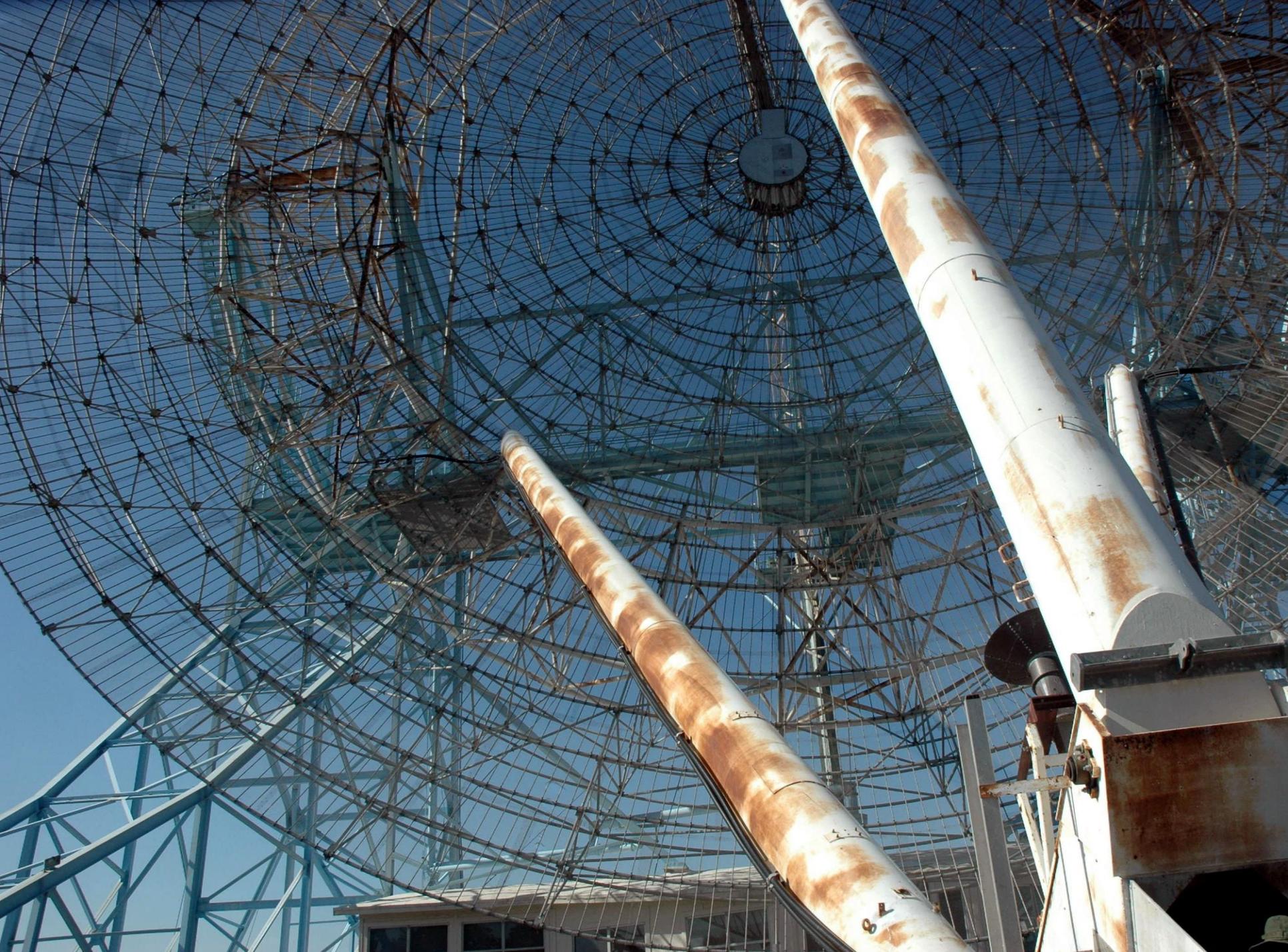














MPD INC



Dr. Wayne Overbeck, N6NB, and Pat Barthelow, AA6EG.

Tripod arm
being winched
into place by
Dr. Mike
Cousins and
Lance Ginner,
K6GSJ.



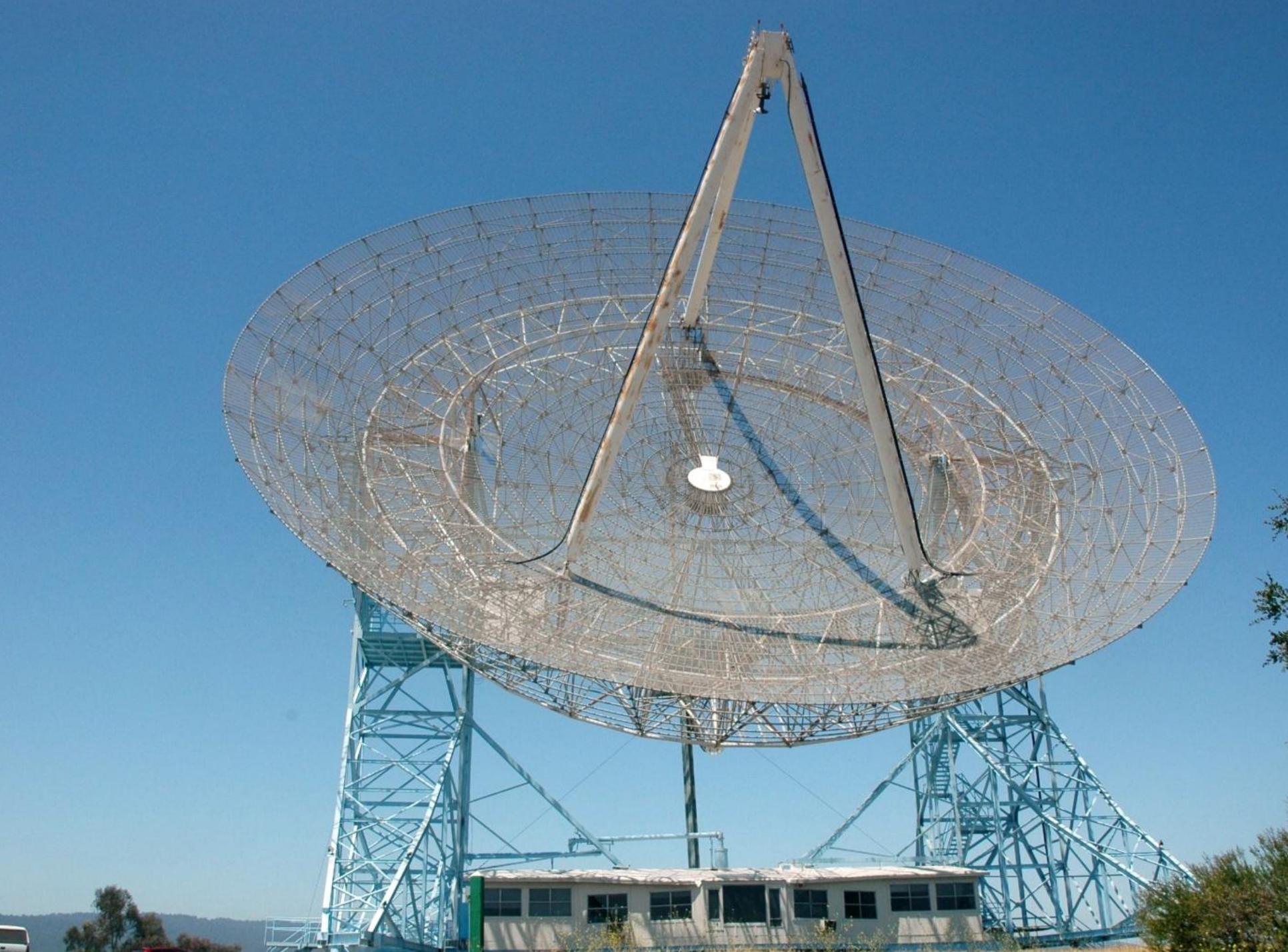


















Jim Klassen, N6JMK, listening to echoes



New York Times reporter, Ashlee Vance, and photographer taking pictures of me for NYT story







Two weeks later K6MYC joins the group with QRO power!



6 X 2C39 water cooled, cavity amplifier
capable of 1 KW on 1296 MHz!



Echoes of Apollo – Stanford

June 25-27th



PATCH PANEL 3

TURN POWER OFF
BEFORE
MAKING ADJUSTMENTS

12698
S/N 11-43-99



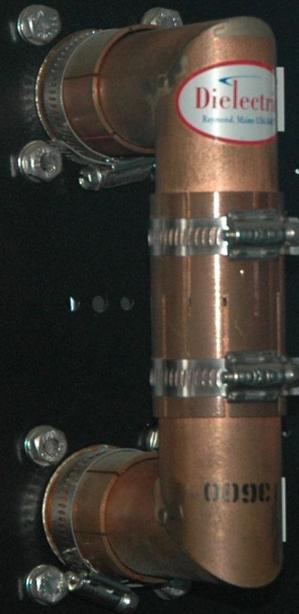
B1 TLINE

CAUTION
HIGH
VOLTAGE

GPS RED



SATCAL



GPS BLUE



B2 TLINE

1-5/8" Patch Panel...





K6MYC, K6GSJ, W6TE and N6JMK



BBQ at the Ginner residence...





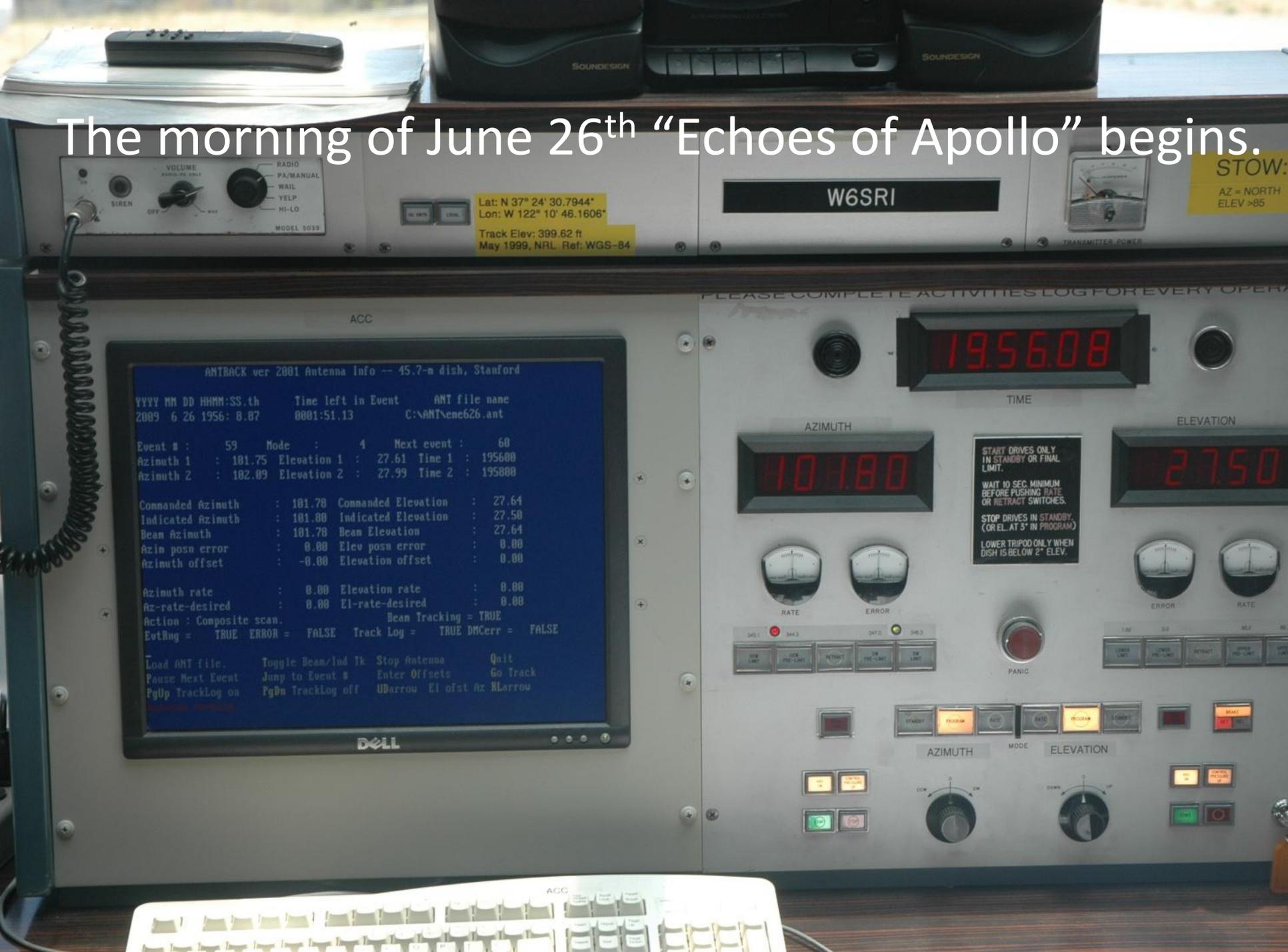




After a hard days work no self respecting
Moonbouncer would be without a glass of wine
and a bottle of Excedrin..



The morning of June 26th "Echoes of Apollo" begins.



Lat: N 37° 24' 30.7944"
Lon: W 122° 10' 46.1606"
Track Elev: 399.62 ft
May 1999, NRL Ref: WGS-84

W6SRI

STOW
AZ = NORTH
ELEV >85

ANTRACK ver 2001 Antenna Info -- 45.7-m dish, Stanford

YYYY MM DD HHMM:SS.th	Time left in Event	ANT file name
2009 6 26 1956: 0.07	0001:51.13	C:\ANT\ene626.ant

Event #	Mode	Next event	Time
59	4	60	
Azimuth 1	101.75	Elevation 1	27.61 Time 1 : 195600
Azimuth 2	102.09	Elevation 2	27.99 Time 2 : 195800

Commanded Azimuth	Commanded Elevation
101.78	27.64
Indicated Azimuth	Indicated Elevation
101.80	27.50
Beam Azimuth	Beam Elevation
101.78	27.64
Azimuth posn error	Elev posn error
0.00	0.00
Azimuth offset	Elevation offset
-0.00	0.00

Azimuth rate	Elevation rate
0.00	0.00
Az-rate-desired	El-rate-desired
0.00	0.00

Action : Composite scan. Beam Tracking = TRUE
EvtRng = TRUE ERROR = FALSE Track Log = TRUE DMCerr = FALSE

~ Load ANT file. Toggle Beam/Ind Tk Stop Antenna Quit
Pause Next Event Jump to Event # Enter Offsets Go Track
PgUp TrackLog on PgDn TrackLog off UArrow El ofst Az RArrow

1956.08

101.80

27.50

START DRIVES ONLY
IN STANDBY OR FINAL
LIMIT.
WAIT 10 SEC. MINIMUM
BEFORE PUSHING RATE
OR RETRACT SWITCHES.
STOP DRIVES IN STANDBY.
(OR EL. AT 3" IN PROGRAM)
LOWER TRIPOD ONLY WHEN
DISH IS BELOW 2" ELEV.



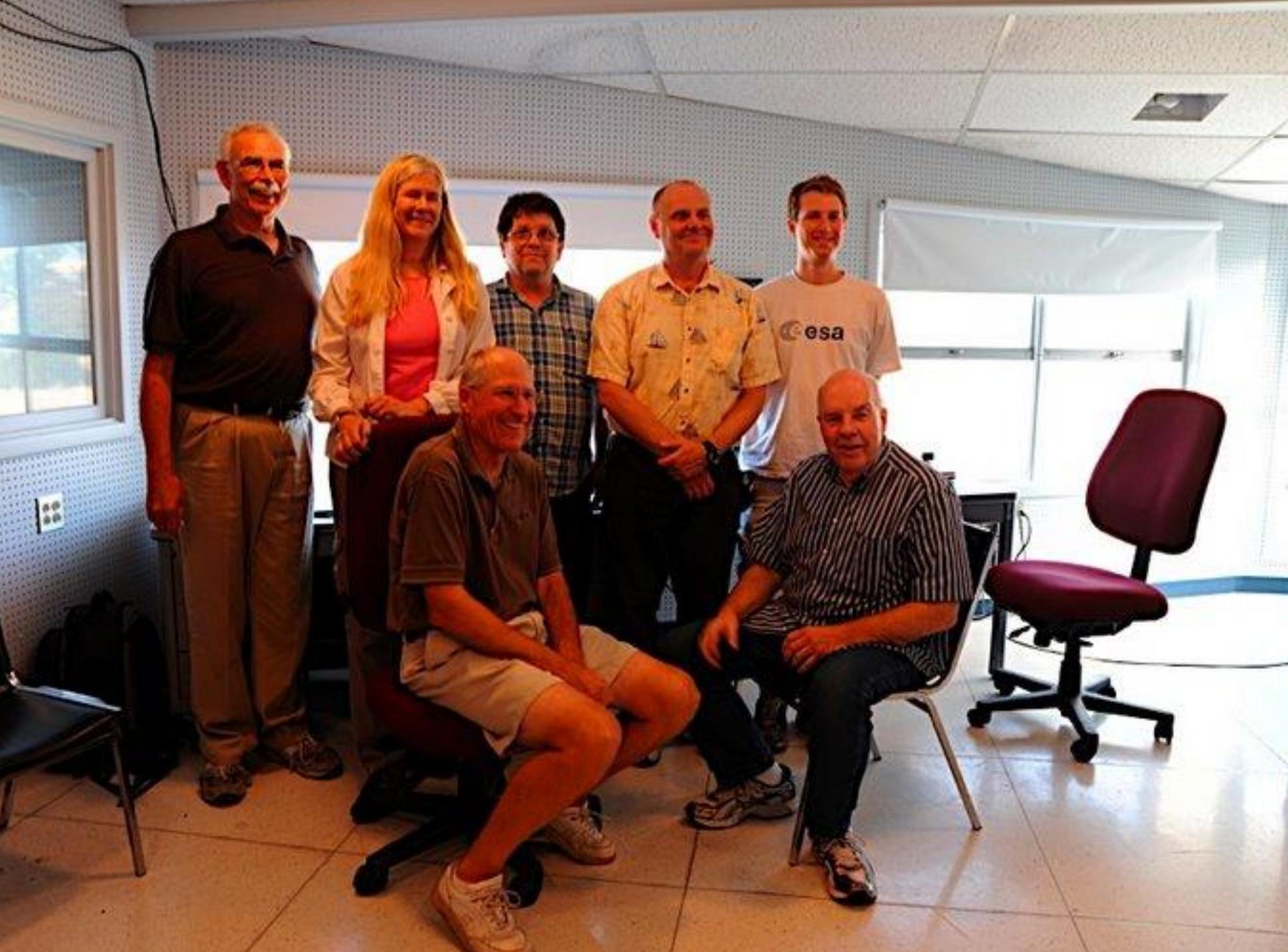




QSO Between Astronaut Bill Anders and Reporter Lisa Sonne

This historic QSO was completed on 23 CM between stations K5SO and W6SRI (Stanford SRI dish). Lisa Sonne is a reporter for Wired Magazine.





This report from Christop Joos from Switzerland

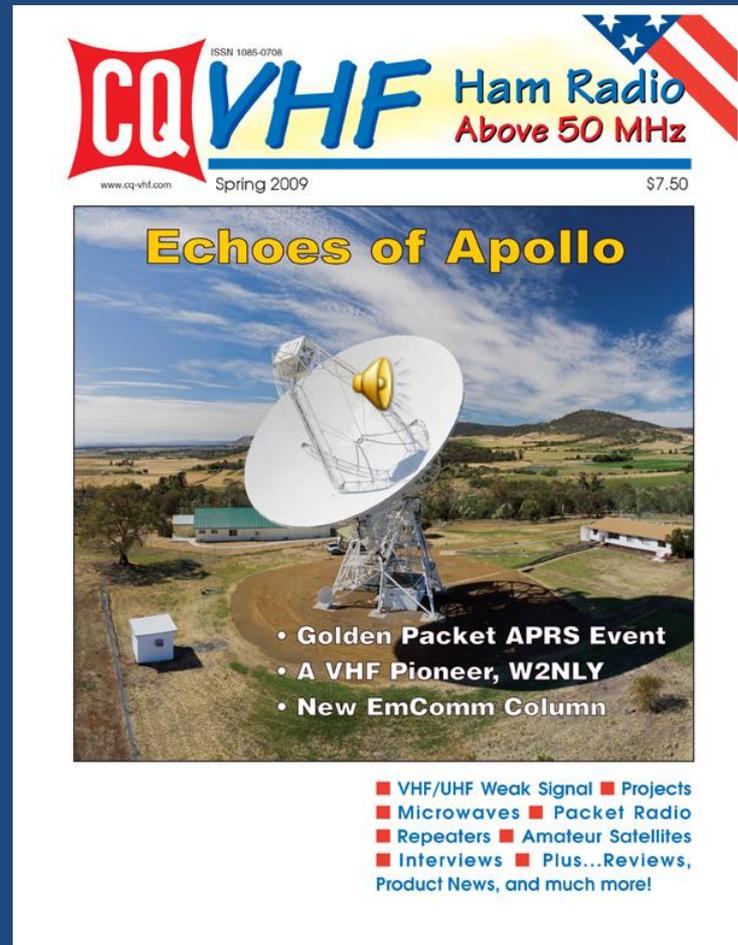
More than 300 Visitors, many Families, Swiss Television, News Journalists, joined our outstanding Party. 45 Children took this chance to send a short Message to the Moon. And a few did a great job and learned very quickly how we communicate.



Report from Mt. Pleasant

- Completed a 10 mw moonbounce QSO, this maybe a record for the smallest power ever used for a moonbounce contact on 1296 MHz,

CQ-VHF Magazine



NEW YORK TIMES

- Mar 22, 2009 - **World Moon Bounce / EME Day Gathering Momentum.**
- June 26, 2009 - **A Ham Radio Weekend for Talking to the Moon**

Jim Klassen, N6JMK, Lance Genner, K6GSJ, and Dr. Michael Cousins pictured in NYT article.



San Francisco Chronicle

June 27, 2009

- **Ham radio operators shoot for the moon**
 - Scores of Bay Area ham radio operators will aim high this weekend to see who can bounce their signals off the moon in an effort to talk to friends far away. It won't be an easy feat; it has never been tried before, said Doug Teter, a computer cable specialist who is coordinating the effort led by the Palo Alto Amateur Radio Alliance, but alliance members will have a go at it, competing to see who can be the first to talk to a friend on the other side of the United States or Canada.

San Jose Mercury News

June 27, 2009

- **Stanford dish part of weekend festival of moon talking**
- Dogs bay at it. Lovers swoon under it. And some people like to bounce their voices off it.
- The first two are easy, but sending a voice signal 239,200 miles to the moon and back is not quite as simple.
- Today, amateur radio buffs or "hams," as they call themselves, will hold a global bounce-fest, using as many giant parabolic antenna radio telescopes as they can borrow around the world.
- One of them is located on a hill overlooking [Stanford University](#)'s campus and will serve as the command center for the weekend's event.
- Not that one needs an excuse to hold a moon-bounce, but this one is being held as a kind of advance celebration of the 40th anniversary next month of the Apollo 11 mission

Reuters News Service

Top 10 News stories of June 27th! **Moon-lovers remember Apollo with radio chit-chat.**



Reuters News Service

June 27, 2009

- **Moon-lovers remember Apollo with radio chit-chat**
- SYDNEY (Reuters) - Radio hams and amateur astronomers around the world spent the weekend bouncing radio conversations off the Moon to one another in commemoration of the Apollo 11 landings 40 years ago, organizers in Australia said Sunday.
- Although they had some clear and extensive conversations, they had to be patient. It takes around 2.5 seconds for a radio signal to reach the Moon and bounce back to another part of the Earth, so it took around five seconds to get a reply.
- Initiated a few months ago by science buffs in Australia and the United States, 'Moonbounce' was just winding up on Sunday Australian time after a 24-hour special event that organizers hope will become annual.
- It brought together hundreds of amateur radio hams around the world, event co-founder Robert Brand told Reuters, some armed with their own radio dishes.

Wired Magazine

- **June 3rd. One Giant Bounce for Mankind**
- **July 6th. - Ham Operators Shoot the Moon**

Pat Barthelow, AA6EG,
standing on SRI's
Stanford dish's feed-
pod.



SRI Stanford EOA Team

- Dr. Michael Cousins
- Mike Staal, K6MYC
- Dr. Wayne Overbeck, N6NB
- Jim “Chickenwire” Klassen, N6JMK
- Lance Genner, K6GSJ
- Pat Barthelow, AA6EG
- Dr. Dave Leeson, W6NL (Stanford Univ.)
- Larry Bettencourt, WA6LUT
- Stephen Muther, WF6R (SRI)
- Brian Klofas, KF6ZEO (SRI)
- Dave Smith, W6TE